## THERMAL MANAGEMENT

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Microclimate Comfort System: Solution for Increasing Driving Range of Electric Vehicles

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INTERNATIONAL

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sae.org/tmss

### **GM Project Objective**

# Energy efficiency & perfect thermal comfort in one intelligent, integrated system

Develop a Proof of Concept micro-climate seat-centric climate control system.

# *GM Objective: 30% overall reduction in energy to achieve equal/superior comfort. Comfort is evaluated by maintaining EHT within* ±1°*C.*

Gentherm/GM Solution

- Design & integrate two zone ClimateSense<sup>™</sup> system into Chevy Bolt EV
  - ✓ Microclimate heating and cooling elements with Gentherm ECUs and software algorithm
- Collaborate with GM on developing and implementing comfort measurement methodology



# Human, physiological system exchanging heat with the environment







Convective Heat Transfer



Radiative (Warm Surface) Heat Transfer



Evaporative Heat Transfer





Ventilation and Active Cooling



Convective Heating



Radiative Heating

Humans are the center of our care and comfort. We use thermophysiology principles to design efficient components and effective integration in vehicles.

## **Heating Comfort**



### **Cool Comfort**

#### Focused cooling on body core

In hot weather the body manages heat while trying to reach physiological comfort through

- 1. Evaporation/sweating
- 2. Conductive cooling
- 3. Convective cooling
- 4. Radiative cooling

Additional discomfort is achieved through sensation of wetness. Sweating is a function of average skin temperature.



### **ClimateSense™ Heating Subsystem Architecture**

#### **CONDUCTIVE ELEMENTS**

Seat heaters (includes bolster heat).

Heated interiors – console, steering wheel and door arm rests.

#### **RADIANT (WARM SURFACE) ELEMENTS**

Heated interiors – side console, door and knee bolster area

#### **CONVECTIVE ELEMENTS**

**Foot warmers** 

**Neck warmers** 



### ClimateSense<sup>™</sup> Cooling Subsystem Architecture

#### **CONDUCTIVE ELEMENTS**

Active Climate Controlled Seats.

#### **CONVECTIVE ELEMENTS**

Seat cooling powered by minicompressor with trolley duct and air flow control.



Evaporator / Blower assembly



Mini-Compressor / Condenser sub-assembly near front bumper







### How to Evaluate Microclimate Systems?



## **Clinical Trials: Subjective Evaluations**

- The study was conducted in the cabin of an i3 vehicle.
- The cabin of the vehicle was appropriately conditioned using external air source.
- Subjects report comfort on Berkeley scale.
- 14 individuals hired through Opinion Search based on their gender, age, height and weight.



7 male 7 female 20-56 year old 60-100kg 160-190 cm tall





#### ClimateSense<sup>™</sup> system provides sustained comfort at lower cabin air temperatures.

### **Quantitative Comfort Measurement – Total Body EHT**

#### EHT (Equivalent Homogeneous Temperature) Measurement & Calculation

#### **Measured Values**

- Local EHT values from HVAC manikin (Thermetrics)
- Local seat surface heat flux & temperature (Gentherm Mahole mat)
- Upper back/neck area to capture neck warmer & air cocoon cooling
- · Driver hands to capture steering wheel heater
- **Total Body EHT calculation**
- Calculate total body EHT using protocol developed by
  ThermoAnalytics
- Following ISO14505-2



### How to Evaluate Microclimate Systems?



## Validation Testing – Cold CO Test



# ClimateSense<sup>™</sup> beats 30% target energy savings (2 zones active) with significant improvement in EHT in first 5 minutes of testing (customer satisfaction)

## Validation testing – Cold CO Test

Test at GM Milford Proving Ground*	Objective	HVAC mode	ClimateSense <sup>™</sup> mode	Heating Test		Energy
				10 min	60 min	Consumption (% change)
				<b>EHT Calculated</b>	EHT Calculated	
<u>Cold CO</u> Outside Temperature = -7°C Interior soak at -7°C for 7+hrs Driver Seat - Manikin Passenger Seat - Heat Flux Mat with occupant	<b>Baseline HVAC</b> Measure EHT & Pwr. Consumption	Auto 22	OFF	5.6 °C	18.2 °C	Baseline (3.29kWh)
	<b>ClimateSense + HVAC</b> Measure EHT and Pwr. Consumption	Manual*	Auto 22	10.0 °C	20.1 °C	↓ 50 % (1.65kWh)
	<b>ClimateSense only</b> Measure EHT and Pwr. Consumption	OFF	Auto 22	9.5 °C	19.4 °C	↓ 69 % (1.01kWh)

\*Full Vehicle Climate Chamber at Emissions Qualifications Laboratory

# ClimateSense<sup>™</sup> – Microclimate system provides 50% energy savings with 2 zones active and improves overall EHT in -7°C cold weather test

### **Testing – AC17 Hot Test**



ClimateSense<sup>™</sup> meets 30% target energy savings (2 zones active) with significant improvement in EHT in first 5 minutes of testing (customer satisfaction)

## Validation Testing – AC17 Hot Test

Test at GM Milford Proving Ground**	Objective	System Set Points (°C)	CS (°C)	Heatin 10 min EHT Calculated	ng Test 60 min EHT Calculated	Energy Consumption (% change)
AC17 Drive cycle Outside Temperature = 25°C	Baseline HVAC Measure EHT & Pwr. Consumption	Auto 21.5	Off	31.3 °C	29.6 °C	Baseline (0.85kW)
Driver seat - Heat Flux Mat and occupant Passenger seat - EHT Manikin	ClimateSense + HVAC EHT and Pwr. Consumption	Manual*	Auto 22	30.6 °C	27.6 °C	↓ 30 % (0.59kW)

\*\*Full Vehicle Climate Chamber at Emissions Qualifications Laboratory

\*HVAC setting in combination with ClimateSense™ 0-2 min Auto 21.5 2- 58 min Auto 21.5 Blower level 2

# System meets 30% energy savings with 2 zones active and improves overall EHT in hot weather (based on AC17 test cycle).

# ENERGY EFFICIENCY & PERFECT THERMAL COMFORT IN ONE INTELLIGENT, INTEGRATED SYSTEM





